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by Lowar of Wildham County feer of Postage. To may part table State one of this county, for ill count per year; else-tice 28 counts per year-payments in all cases to be made arrierly in advance. PASPAGE. -THE VERMONT PHENIX is sentints all

Twenty-Ninth Vol.; Eighth of New Series

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May, 1st, 1862.

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All work warranted to give satisfaction in price, quality of socie, and style of workmanship, &c.
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H. STEDMAN, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND A Surgeon, West Brattlebore, Vt. Having had a prefeisional experience of nearly thirty years, and being bandlar with the several systems of practice in vegua at the present day, Dr. S. loopes to adapt his treatment to the demands of each indifficular less.—22

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The Vermont Phænix.

BRATTLEBORO, VT.: JUNE 5, 1862.

MESSAGE BY THE PRESIDENT.

ed. There was no time to convene the

all its blessings for the present age and for pos-

I therefore summoned my constitutional ad-

visers, the heads of all the departments, to meet on Sunday, the 20th day of April, 1861, at the

office of the navy department, and then and there, with their unanimous concurrence, I di-

rected that an armed revenue outter should pro-ceed to sea to afford protection to the commer-

of the navy yard at Philadelphia to purchase or charter and arm an equal number for the same

ing of passages by water to and from the capi-tal. I directed the several officers to take the

that Gov Morgan and Alexander Cummings, o the city of New York, should be authorized by

the secretary of war, Simon Cameron, to make all necessary arrangements for the transporta-

tion of troops and munitions of war, in aid and assistance of the officers of the army of the Uni

citizens favorably known for their ability, loval

pprehensions of such misdirections occurred

to me as objections to these extraordinary proceedings and were necessarily overruled. I re-

in the premises.

Washington, May 26.

by the House on Monday, is as follows :-

ABBAHAM LINCOLN.

mentalleems

The undersigned has leased this controlleds and popular Hotel, where he will be imply to any his been of patterns and primals and all who distre goed non-amountaines at anomalie primes. Having had considerable experience in the measurement of a pattic house in Braticishers, the undersigned flatters beneeft into the shall be able to give earthrication to all the patrons.

HENRY C. NASH.

REVERE HOUSE.

DENTAL NOTICE. The unitorsigned respectfully informs the citizens of Brat-indraws' and vicinity that he hadroned the Bontal Booms lately occupied by Dr. Connegys, ever W. E. Esson's Flour store, where he will be pleased to see any who may be in need of the services of a Bentist. 1. N. PEATAON. Bratilebora, Aug. 8, 1669.—1132

VOL. XXIX.

CUSTOM · MADE BOOTS All work warranted.
Prices to suit the times.
Orders solicited.

i. N. SPRAGUE, Agent, JAMAICA, VI.

HOWE'S Picture Gallery BRATTLEBORO VALLEY MILLS. The subscriber has charge of the above Mills, where he is prepared to do all kinds of Caston Milling to the very fest transcr.

Particular attention given to making

Extra Family Flour for the Farmers. atways on hand for sale at the herent nurker price, FLOUR by the Car lead, Wagon lond, Harrel, or Rug. All kinds of HEED and MALLOW sale at the mill and detected to any part of the Village, FOR CASH.

Office on Main-street, Ind-door below J. Steem's Bookstore, and the sale of the Cash. carly opposite High-street. Brattleboro, Oct. 1, 1861 -- 15-59

NEW GOODS The Ladies will find a splendid assortment of seasons

BONNETS, RIBBONS, VELVETS, SATINS, SILKS, ARTIFICIAL PLOWERS, FEATHERS. EMBROIDERIES, &c., &c.

All kinds of Millinery work done to order in the best nor, at MRN, T. AVERY'S, 1. P Store in Fish's Blook, opposite the Post Of Brattlebore, Supt. 20th, 1861.—[38

Brandies, Gins, Rums, Wines, &c.,

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C. B. COGNAC, OLD HOLLAND AND GEN-No. 83 Prout Street, New-York.

THE ABOVE FIRM WOULD CALL THE attention of the Commissioners, Town Agents, and ledical Faculty of the State of V ermont to their well selected sock of Imported Wises and Liquors which are offered or

GENEVER CORDIAL. As a Gin is highly recommended by Physicians for its Medi-cinal Properties, it being made from pure Barley Malt. Our BRANDY, BOURBON WHISKEY, RUM,

de, de, Are put up with the greatest care as regards their purity as C. EDWARDS, successor to L. D. Salis
L. EDWARDS, successor to L. D. Salis
Medicinal qualities, so are as regards their parity and
Medicinal qualities, so are so recommended by the Faculty.

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publish the annexed results of Chemical Analysis, made by

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AND BARRER, Agent, Braileleon. CERTIFICATES.

BERLINGTON, VT., March 7, 1861. To Mosses, CHAS, BACKMAN & CO., New York:—

May, 1st, 1862

Having Anoma G. H. Momuria, as a 50-ow student and practitioners I take placesure in recommending him to my riverds and patrons in Branthebore and vicinity as a skilling and successful physician.

B. MORRILI, M. D.

P. WESSELHORFT, M. D.,

Homospathic Physician,

B. Weber Gure, Brattlebore

B. Morrie Gure, Brattlebore

CEORGE HOWF, Attorney & Counsellor

at Law, and solicitor and Master in Changes.

We have part in the street of this incomplete them to all who wish to supply those even and point they compared to a precision of the control of the control

We are, your most obedient servants, EAMUEL W. THAYER, JR., M. D. WALTER CARPENTER, M. D. Minteniery College, Middisburg, Vt., 3 July 1th, 1891.

CHARLES A. J. MARSH, Esq., Com. of Oricans County MARLES A. J. MARSH, Ever, Com. of Overans County, Davin Sin.—The examination of the Lequer sent some in ince, as well as that recently received, is completed. I fi-he different samples entirely free from adulterations and in-artitles. With this sheet I sent you a table of process as co-cretions by analysis and on comparison with other lique on will find the strength of the specimens all that could be sized. The Alcohol is evidently that called 50 per cent, when does this kind mark as fight as 54 per cent; 53 bet-bed on does this kind mark as fight as 54 per cent; 53 bet-bed on does this kind mark as fight as 54 per cent; 55 bet-bed on does the kind mark as fight as 54 per cent; 55 bet-

Years very truly, HENRY M. SEELEY.

Manusanenv, Vr., July 2nd, 1861. DR. E. W. THAYER, Ja. (Dran Sin:—I have received and analyzed the liquers of Sarles Backman & Co., sent from the Teem Agency in Bar-ington. The supplies were marked Charles Backman & Co., vars old Sardard Borriou Whiteey. Charles Backman & Jo., Belland Genever Gordal, and Olard Dupuy & Co., one."

case with similar samples from the same home, I and
and entirely free from all injurious forcedients.

Years very truly,

Prof. of Chemistry, Med. Dept. University of Vermont.

E.Those Liquors are for sale at the Town Agency, at Brat-leti-re, and by other town agents generally throughout the mass -30:19

THE PERFECT MELODEON

WITHOUT AN EQUAL. er and mar brings to us some new ev-lance of the great favor and growing equilarity of this beautiful instrument out abundant testimonials are constantly reaching us priving conclusively that no other Recon-tratrument contains so many excellencies as the PREFECT MELODEON with Base Dames and Hannonic Attack

MENT.

The Harmonic Attachment is the most valuable of moder improvements—by it the power of the Instrument is double without increasing its size or the number of Reeds. Our news I SYSTEM HARMONIC ORGAN for Concerns Concern and Lactuae Reions has weaker equality and generation any other testiment made in the Country, considering the price.

methe price.

It is ran soon suprise and transtitute to det out or It has a fine powerful PEDAL BASH with RREDS discon-cuted with the other part of the instrument.

PATENT HARP, or PIANO ATTACHMENT, to the M todeon.
This is precisely what the name indicate, a COMMENTING OF THE MELDITION AND PIANO FORTH, and meets precisely the wants and desires of a large class who have long been anchous to see the two instruments combined in Manamore size. In this unique instruments MELDITION, or PIANO, may be played superstudy or constituent, producing as effect naknown to any other instrument, and must be heard to be accordated.

appreciated.

We have arrangements with some of the best Plano Makers to rese we from them regularly FIANOS of the very best quality which will be soid at be a than Boston prices.

All Johnson and MELOBEONS to max.
All Johnson warranted and sent to any part of the country at our cisk.

ENTEY & GREEN

ste states of America : provided, that such per Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:

Sons shall have accepted their appointments since the date of the pretended ordinance of secession, or taken the oath of allegiance to the

The insurrection which is yet existing in the United States, and aims at the overthrow of the testeral constitution and the Union, was clandestinely prepared during the winter of 1860 and 1891, and assumed an open organization in the form of a treasonable provisional government at Montgomery, Alabama, on the 18th day of February 1831. On the 12th day of April 1861, the insurgents committed the of April 1861, the insurgents committed the der any of the several states of said confeder-flagrant act of civil war, by the hombar ment eacy, or the laws thereof, whether such office once, or the laws thereof, whether such office or

and capture of Fort Sumter, which cut off the hope of immediate conciliation. Immediately egency be national, stata, or muncicipal in its name or character. afterwards all the roads and a enues to this city were obstructed, and the capital was put into the condition of a siege. The mails in every direction were stopped, and the lines of telegraph cut off by the insurgents, and military and aval forces which had been called out by the government for the defense of Wal. by the government for the defense of Washthe persons aforesaid, are hereby declared law ful subjects of seizure of prize and capture ington, were prevented from reaching the city by organized and combined treasonable resistance in the state of Maryland. There was no wherever found; and the president of the Uni nited States shall cause the same to be seized adequate and effective organization for the pub-lis detense. Congress had indefinitely adjournto the end that they may be confiscated and demued, as hereafter provided to the use of m, and the United States; and all sales, transfers of it became necessary for me to choose whether, conveyances of any such property shall be null using only the existing means, agencies and processes, which Congress had provided, I should let the government fall into ruin, or whether, availing myself of the broader powers and void; and it shall be a sufficient bar to any suit brought by such person for the possessior the use of such property, or any of it, to allege and prove that he is one of the persons conferred by the constitution to cases of insur-rection, I would make an effort to save it with

described in this section. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any person within any state or territory of the United States, other than those named as aforesaid, after the passage of this act, being en-gaged in armed rebellion against the govern-ment of the United States, or aiding or abetting such rebellion, shall not, within sixty days after public warning and proclamation duly given and made by the president of the United States, cease to aid, countenance and abet such rebellion, and return to his allegiance to the United States, all the estate and property, moncial marine, especially to the California treasure ships then on their way to this coast. I also directed the commandant of the navy yard at Boston to purchase or charter and arm as quickly as possible five steamships for purposes of public defense. I directed the commandant eys, stocks and credits of such persons are here by forfeited thereafterward to the governmen of the United States, and the same are declared lawful subjects of seizure and prize and capture wherever found; and the president of the Uni-York to purchase or charter and arm an equal number. I directed Commander Gillis to purchase or charter, and arm and put to sea, two other vessels. Similar directed Commander Gillis to purchase or charter, and arm and put to sea, two other vessels. Similar directed Commander Gillis to purchase or conveyances of any conveyances. ted States shall cause the same to be seized to conveyances of any such property, after the ex-piration of the said sixty days from the date of other vessels. Similar directions were given to Commodore Dupont, with a view to the opensuch warning and proclamation, shall be null and void; and it shall be a sufficient bar to any suit brought by such person for the possessio or the use of such property, or any of it, to allege and prove that he is one of the persons

advice, and obtain the aid and efficient services in the matter, of his excellency, Edwin D. Morgan, the governor of New York, or, in his absence, George D. Morgan, William M. Everts, R. M. Blatchford, and Moses H. Grinnell, who were by my direction especially empowered by the secretary of the nav, to act for his department in that crisis, in matters pectainer, to the Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That to secure possession, condemnation and sale of any of such property, situate and being in any state, district or territory of the United States, proceedings in rem shall be in the name of the ment in that crisis, in matters pertaining to the forwarding of troops and supplies for the pub-lic defense. On the same occasion I directed United States in any district court of the United States, or in any territorial court, or in the United States district court for the District of Columbia, within which the property above described, or any part thereof may be found, or into which the same, if movable, may be first brought, which proceedings shall coform as nearly as may be to proceedings in ted States, until communication by mails and telegraph should be completely re-established prize cases, or to cases of forfeiture arising under the revenue laws; and the said property se between the cities of Washington and New York. No security was required to be given by them, and either of them was authorized to act in case of inability to consult with the other. seized and condemned, whether real or person-al, shall be sold under the decree of the court having cognizance of the case, and the pro-

On the same occasion I authorize and di-rected the secretary of the treasury to advance, States for their use and benefit, Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the without requiring security, two millions of dol-lars of public money to John A. Dix, George Opdyke and Richard M. Blatchford of New several courts aforesaid shall have power to make such orders, establish such forms of de-York, to be used by them in meeting such requisitions as should be directly consequent upon the military and naval measures for the defense subject of sale, and direct such deeds and conveying the marshal thereof, whose real estate shall be the subject of sale, as shall fifty and efficiently of subject of sale, as shall fitly and efficiently efand support of the government, requiring them feet the purpose of this act, and vest in the only to act without compensation, and to report purchasers of such property good and valid their transactions when duly called upon. The titles thereto; and the said court, shall have time contained so large a number of disloyal persons, that it would have been impossible to officers as shall be reasonable and proper in the

provide safely, through official agents only, for Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, that the property seized as aforesaid, shall be used, oc-cupied, rented, or held under the direction of the secretary of the treasury, until judicial pro-ceedings shall be had as herein provided, when proceedings in rem shall be instituted and prosupon these occurrences were transmitted by private measengers who pursued a circuitous way to the scaboard cities, inland across the ecuted to judgment and sale in the mode afore-said; Provided, that perishable articles seized under this bill shall be used or sold, pursuant states of Pennsylvania and Ohio and the north-ern lakes, and I believe that by those and other similar measures taken in that crisis, some of which were without any authority of law, the to such rules as may be presented by the sec retary of the treasury, and the proceeds ap-plied as above provided.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, that the government was saved from over-brow. I am not aware that a dollar of the public funds thus

confided without authority of law to unofficial persons, was either lost or wasted, although several district courts of the United States shall have power to do everything necessary or proper to carry this act into full effect. And the United States, or of any district in which the said property may at the time be, or into tion has been directed to a resolution which was passed by the House of Representatives on the 30th of last month, which was in these words: which the same may be taken, shall institute

the proceedings aforesaid, Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That in all Resolved, that Simon Comeron, late secretary of war, by investing Alexander Cummings with the control of large sums of the public money, and authority to purchase military supplies, without restriction, without requiring from him any guanates for the faithful performance of his duties when the services of competent officers were available, and by involving the government in a rash number of contracts with persons not legitimately engaged in the business pertaining to the subject matter of such contracts, especially in the purchase of arms for future delivery has also tell a policy highly injurious to the public service and deserves the censure of the House. cases arising under this act where the proceeds of property sold shall be paid into the treasur of the United States a distinct account shall be kept thereof, and any loyal creditor of the for-mer owner of such property may, within nine-ity days, and not thereafter, except as herein provided, exhibit his claims to the secretary of the treasury, who, upon proof of the loyalty of the claimant and the justice of the claim, shall have power to allow and pay the same out of such proceeds. Provided, That if the several claims exhibited and ascertained shall exceed the amount so deposited in the treasury they shall be ratably paid; And provided further, That in no event shall any larger sams be paid Congress will see that I should be wanting equally in candor and in justice, if I should leave the censure expressed in this resolution to rest exclusively or chiefly upon Mr Cameron. from the treasury than have been deposited there on account of the said property; And provided, also, That no claim shall be received The same sentiment is unanimously entertained by the heads of the departments who participated in the proceedings which the House of Representatives has censured. It is due to Mr Cameron to say, that although he fully apor examined which has not been exhibited within the said ninety days, unless the claimant shall show and prove good and sufficient cause hor suggested by himself, and that not only the president but all the other heads of departments were at least equally responsible with him for whatever error, wrong, or fault was committed in the premises. proved the proceedings, they were not moved nor suggested by himself, and that not only the adgment of the secretary of the treesury shall be final in the premises.

This is one of the most important measures connected with the prosecution of the war, and THE CONFISCATION AND EMANCIPATION BILL. the p-ople will be interested to know how their The confiscation bill, as amended and passed representatives voted upon it. The year and navs were as follows :--

A bill to confiscate the property of rebels for the payment of the expenses of the present rebellion, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United State of America in Congress assembled. That all the estate and property, moneys, stocks, credits and effects of the persons hereafter named in this section, are hereby forfeited to the government of the United States, and are declared lawful subjects of seizure and or prize and capture wherever found, for the indemnity of the United States against the expenses of suppressing the present rebellion—that is to say:

First—Of any person hereafter acting as an officer of the army or navy of the rebels in arms against the government of the United States. States, Reaman, Blair of Pennsylvania, Blake, Brown of Virginia, Buffinton, Campbell, Chamberlain, Clark, Colfax, Frederick A. Conkling, Roscoe Conkling, Catler, Davis, Duell, Dunn, Edgerton, Edward Elist, Ely, Fenton, Fessenden, Frank, Gooch, Goodwin, Gurley, Hickman, Hooper, Hatchius, Julian, Kelley, Kellogg of Michigan, Kellogg of Illinois, Killinger, Lansing, Lowein, Morbell, Moohead, Morrill of Maine, Morill of Vermont, Noell, Olin, Patton, Pike, Pomeroy, Potter, Porter, Rice of Maine, Riddle, Rollins of New Hampshiro, Sargeant, Sedgwick, Shanks, Sloan, Spaulding, Stevens, Stratton.

Trimble, Trowbridge, Van Horn, Van Valkenskan, Policy, Barding, Alley, Arnold, Ashlev, Basker, Baxter, Beaman, Blair of Pennsylvania, Blake, Brown of Virginia, Buffinton, Campbell, Chamberlain, Clark, Colfax, Frederick A. Conkling, Roscoe Conkling, Catler, Davis, Duell, Dunn, Edgerton, Edward Elist, Ely, Fenton, Fessenden, Frank, Gooch, Goodwin, Gurley, Hickman, Hooper, Hatchius, Julian, Kelley, Kellogg of Wickman, Kellogg of Michigan, Kellogg of Illinois, Killinger, Lansing, Lovejov, McKnight, MePherson, Mitcheli, Moohead, Morrill of Wermont, Noell, Olin, Patton, Pike, Pomerov, Potter, Porter, Porter, Rice of Maine, Rolley, Rolley, Bartin, Blair of Pennsylvania, Blair of Pennsylvania, B Soc. Shop at Dwinell & Biles's near the Bridge, Braillo-bore, Vt.

WOODCOCK & VINTON, Paper Manufacturer, and Carriage Trimbers, P.C. EDWARDS.

WRAPPING PAPER.

STEY & GREEN.

Braillobore, Vt., Jan. 1, 1861.

WRAPPING PAPER.

Sull And a Printing Paper mank to organize the lowest rates at the Beak Bloody F. C. Edwards.

WINSLOW S. MYERS, ATTORNEY AND Joeksonsille, Pt.

WM. S. HOUGHTON, Harness, Trunk and Valles Manufacturer, and Carriage Trimbers, Pt. C. EDWARDS.

W. S. HOUGHTON, Harness, Pt. C. EDWARDS.

W. S. HOUGHTON, Harness,

Harding, Harrison, Holman, Hotton, Johnson, Cerrigan, Knapp, Law, Lazear, Leary, Lehman, Mallory, Maynard, Menaies, Nixon, Nable, Norton, Nugen, Odell, Pike, Pendleton, Perry, Phelps of Missouri, Rice of Massachusetts, Riahardson, Robbins, Rollins of Missouri, Segar, Sheffleid, Shiel, Smith, Steele of New York, Steele of New Jersey, Thomas of Massachusetts, Thomas of Maryland, Train, Vallaudigham, Voorhees, Wardsworth, Ward, Webster, Wickliffe, Wood, Woodruff—68.

Levill be seen that Mr. Darge and Mr. L. But the first specific and would be place. The more glory in being put to death the point of the more than in being acquitted, after going through the forms of a trial.

It is known to many of you that I had left home to avoid personal violence, and was out of the reach of the mob, who could not find me, after repeated efforts by squads sent out, armed, by that arch-hypocrite and would-be murderer, W. B. Wood of Alabama. In my concealment I was informed by a letter from Major General Crittenden, in command at this place, that he was instructed by the Secretary

Massachusetts members being thus equally divided. Only one democrat, Mr. Noell of Missauri, voted for the bill, while 16 republicans voted against it, not of course from opposition

a vote of 74 to 78, is as follows:-

a vote of 74 to 78, is as follows:—

A bill to free from servitude the slaves of reliefs engaged in or abetting the existing rebellion against the government of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person within any state or territory of the United States shall, after the possage of this act, wilfully engage in armed rebellion against the government of the United States, or shall wilfully engage in armed rebellion, giving them aid or comfort, every such person shall thereby forfeit all claim to the service or labor of any persons commonly known as slaves; and all seeds above a man bersite of fear and ingominious death. The proof of all that is

The vote on this bill was as follows:—

Yeas - Mest's Aldrich, Alley, Arnold, AshRelative Description of the control of the man. He is supremely selfish, notoriously insincere, and would sell his interest in his God—which

Nixon, Noble, Noell, Norten, Nugen, Odell, Pendleton, Ferry, Phelps of Missouri, Porter, Price, Rice of Massachusetts, Richardson, Robinson, Rollins of Missouri, Segar, Sheffield, Shiel, Smith, Steele of New York, Steele of New York, Steele of New York, Steele of New Jersey, Stratton, Thomas of Massachusetts, Thomas of Maryland, Train, Trimble, Vallandigham, Voorhees, Wardsworth, Ward, Webster, Whaley, Wickliffe, Wood, Woodruff. The Massachusetts delegation divided on this horrors of assassination, became a collecting attorney for large amounts, and then swindled

members from Rhode Island, and two of the many as two men in Texas. Floyd, while three members from Connecticut voted against Governor of my native State, was guilty of this bill as well as against the confiscation bill, while Mr. Blair of Missouri voted for both. An examination of the votes on these bills will show some singular contrasts. One fact is besides large amounts of honds, the guns, fort ve.y plain, that the war has effectually broken and ammunition of the Federal Government, very plain, that the war has effectually broken to aid in carrying on this infamous rebellion party trammels, and that the members voted Slidell, another intriguer, who never had an upon their individual convictions, as they honest emotion of soul in his life, should.

PARSON BROWNLOW'S "LAST DYING SPEECH AND CONFESSION." this city, alluded to a speech which he had prepared for delivery on the scaffold when he fully expected to be hung by his persecutors in Knoxly have been edified. The Parson handles the W. Childs, of Philadelphia, in a work from the Brooks, in their attempt to assassinate Su

Methodist ministry for whipping his wife and slandering his venerable old father-in-law! Uttered on earth were—
This man Thomas has advocated on the bench, "Forever float that standard sheet!" in open court-martial, the sending of the Union masses of East Tennessee to Alabama and Mississippi, and working them in the field, under negro overseers, and the hanging of the Union leaders here! Justice at the hands of such a set of men is the last thing I would expect. In- in theirs.

No. 23.

It will be seen that Mr. Dawes and Mr. Delane voted in the negative, as did also Messrs me passports and a military escort to conduct Rice, Train and Thomas of this state—the me out of this logus Government into the Fedto the principle of confiscation, but to some provisions of this particular bill. Messrs Brown and Whaley of Virginia were the only border state men who voted for the bill.

The emancipation bill, which was rejected by Reynolds, upon the false oath of Atterney Raynolds, upon the fa Ramsey, a corrupt man; for whom no decent

by forfeit all claim to the service or more of any persons commonly known as slaves; and an ignominious death. The proof of all that is all such slaves are hereby declared free and all such slaves are hereby declared free and forever discharged from such servitude, any-thing in the laws of the United States or of a friend for publication. It will show that these any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

thing in the laws of the United States or of any state to the contrary notwithstanding. And whenever thereafter any person claiming the labor or service of any such slave shall seek to enforce his claim, it shall be a sufficient defense thereto that the claimant was engaged in the said rebellion, or sided or ab sted the same contrary to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any person claiming to be entitled to the service or labor of any other person shall seek to enforce such claim, he shall, in the first instance, and before any orders shall be made for the surreider of the person whose service or labor is claimed, establish not only his claim to such service or labor, but also that such climant has not in any way sided, assisted, or countemanced the existing rebellion against the government.

The predict and there would all have acted a treacherous part toward one and labor of any have violated their pledges and faith. Their peridd and treachery are absolutely disgreeful to their begue sovernment, if indeed such a government on the disgraced. Some hostile reminiscraces of the past, as between other cowardly, will appear in the documents I leave beginning and I request my sons to publish them, even at the cost of their lives. I desire to bear my testimony, even in a dying hour, to the perfety, double-dealing, and cowardly course toward me of that prince of hypocrites and great embodiment of human decid, Campbell Wallace, the president of the railroad, and one of the great lights of secession. I warn all men present, and all who may hear of this statement, never to confide in that man.

ey, Babbitt, Baker, Baxter, Beaman, Blair of I fear is not a very large one-for money Missouri, Blair of Pennsylvania, Blake, Buf-finton, Compbell, Chamberlain, Clark, Colfax, insincerity of William G. MacAdoo, who, while I must also bear witness to the treachery and Roscoe Conkling, Cutler, Davis, Duell, Edgor-ton, Edwards, Eliot Eiy, Fenton, Frank, Gooch, ship, stated to John Black that I ought to be meeting me with a smile and professing friendship, stated to John Black that I ought to be kept in prison during this war. This man was on the verge of starvation, and without credit, Michigan, Lansing, Loomis, Lovejoy, McKnight, McPherson, Moorehead, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Olin, Patton, Phelps of California, Pike, Pomeroy, Potter, Rice of Maine, Riddle, Rollins of New Hampshire, Sergeant, Selgwick, Shanks, Sloan, Spaulding, S evens, Trowbridge, Van Horn, Van Valkenburg, Verree, Wall, Wallace, Walton of vermont, Washburne, Wheeler, White Van Valkenburg, Verree, Walt, Wallace, Walton of vermont, Washburne, Wheeler, White of Indiana, Wilson, Windom and Worcester, Nays—Messrs Allen, Ancona, Bailey of Pennsylvanie, Biddle, Blair of Virginia, Browne of Rhode Island, Brown of Virginia, Calvert, Clements, Cobb, Corning, Ca. Cayena, Cale or Rhode Island, Brown of Virginia, Calvert, in it, strange as you may think it. I could have Clements, Cobb, Corning, Cox, Cravens, Cristfield, Chittenden, Dawes, Delano, Deven, Dunglied, Chittenden, Dawes, Delano, Deven, Dunglied, If I had taken an oath of allegiance to this so-cailed Confederacy. Rather than stullap, Dunn, English, Fisher, Granger, Grider, Haight, Haili, Hurding, Harrison, Hohman, Horton, Johnson, Kellogg of Illinois, Kerrigan, Killinger, Knapp, Law, Lazear, Leary, Lehman, Mallory, Maynard, Menzies, Mitchell, Nixon, Noble, Noell, Norton, Nugen, Odell, Nixon, Noble, Noell, Norton, Nugen, Odell, Marson, Robert, Michael M

bill the same as on the confiscation bill. Both his employers out of their dues, murdering as while in the United States Senate to pass through

Congress that great swindle of the age, the "Houmans Land Grant"—a swindle so gigan-PARSON BROWNLOW'S "LAST DYING SPEECH AND CONFESSION."

Parson Brownlow, in his recent speech in his city, alluded to a speech which he had presared for delivery on the scaffold when he fully expected to be hung by his persecutors in Knoxward got into the Senate from Lonis and by ville. The danger was imminent. Several Union men had already been executed, and the infuriated troops in camp and in the liquor of Buchanan's Cabinet, while secretary of the shops about the town were clamorous for the Interior, was a partner in stealing some Indian blood of the Parson. Under these circumstan - Trust Bonds, and, when about to be dismissed ces he prepared the following speech, in pencil, in prison. He thinks they would have granted his request to address the crowd, from an intense curiosity to hear what he had to say at such a trying moment, and they would certainsuch as a time when he was acting under oath, at the head of the Treasure Department. the Treasury Department. Davis, your President, after his State had borrowed millions, led leading traitors without gloves. The speech, the way in the work of repudiation and with other incidents of Parson Brownlow's in defrauding Mississippi's honest creditors. eventful career, will soon be published by Geo. Toombs, the big man of your government at W. Childs of Philadelphia, in a work from the pen of Parson Brownhow, entitled, "Sketches of the Rise, Progress and Decline of Secession 1 with a Narrative of Personal Adventures among

to swindle the latter out of ten thousand dol-lars. These, and a host of others like them, Fellow Countrymen: I have often addressed many of you, upon different topics, but never under circumstances like those which now surround me, as I feel that I am speaking for the with such men in a wicked crusade against the round me, as I feel that I am speaking for the last time. I suppose I have been sentenced to hang by a court-martial sitting in this city; I say I suppose so for I have never had any trial, or even a notice of a trial being in progress. So it has been with those who have been executed before me. It is allke a matter of indifference whether I was tried by that court-martial in my absence and in the absence of witnesses and convexed or whether I had been read to see that the best government on earth? But I must close. Solemn thought! I die with confidence that the United States Government will crush out this rebellion during the coming spring and summer. Mark my prediction: I would like to be living when that is done; but I must resign myself to my fate.

I have a word to say as it regards my family. tial in my absence and in the absence of witnesses and counsel, or whether I had been present, the result would have been death. The judge advocate, Thomas J. Campbell, is a permen of the country will be kind to them, and fidious man, as destitute of real honor and seek to impress their minds with what is true purity of purpose as he is of true courage and —that they are not disgraced, but honored, by manly virtue. Associated with him is James my death. Let me be shrowded in the sacred D. Thomas, a man who was expelled from the folds of the Star Spangled Banner, and let my

"Forever float that standard sheet!

Where breathes the fee but falls before us,
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!"

The rebels are the opposite of Achilles. His
danger was in his beels. Their whole safety is
in their

TERMS FOR ADVERTISING.

FOR ONE SQUARE of Twaley Lines or less nonparell type (the smallest size used,) Trains reassaction, \$1, for each subsequent insertion, \$2 cents. The number of insertions must be marked on all advertisements or they will be continued until ordered unit. Contracts will be made with advertisers by the column of fractional parts thereof, at the part of the contracts. Transfert advertisements to be paid in advertisements.

vance.

For all Probate advertisements, excepting notices of applications to self Real Estate, and for Commissioner's Notices \$1.00 each for three insertions.

For notices of Liberations, Estrays, the formation and dissolution of Coparterships, &c., \$1 each for three insertions. If sent by mail the money must accompany the order.

For Houses Camps in the first column from \$3.00 tof \$8.00 per year according to the space they occupy.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED RESPECTING

BY OSSIAN E. DODGE.

Mn. Entron:—It being pretty generally known that in company with Cossius M. Clay I proceeded up the Mississippi river, in the fall of 1869, and attended the first State Fare ever held by Minnesota, and have often visited there since, I have been solicited by many of your leading citizens to give answers to what seem

to them important questions, Selecting your peper as a medium through which to give the required information,—I here write out the questions—with the repiles—as brief as possible—attached.

IS MINNESOTA TOO FAR NORTH FOR WHEAT? State and Government statistics tell us the following facts! The average yield of wheat per nere in 1860 was in

16 bush, -weight per bush, 59 lbs CAN WOOL BE RAISED THERE TO AN ADVAN-

There is no place in the known world where

wool-producing can be so successfully managed. The long pleasant summers; the sweet, nutrilous native grasses; the dry invigorating wintors; and the remarkable purity of the waters—all combined,—tend to produce the most oily,—the longest, finest and heaviest fireces in the world, as is universally testified to by all wool raisers in the State.

HOW MUCH LATER IS THEIR SPRING THAN IN

NEW ENGLAND? It is earlier! Snow first begins to melt in New England, but when the Minnesota spring once opens, it has no retarding chills or frosts; and garden vegetables are usually found in the market from six to ten days in advance of those in the eastern states.

ARE NOT THE WINTERS VERY SEVERE AND GLOOMY ?

It is the plesantest part of the year! Snow falls to the depth of about four inches—the lat-ter part of November, and there remains—with the thermometer but a few degrees above zero
the thermometer but a few degrees above zero
for about four months, the air being dry,
pure and invigorating, and offering an almost certain cure for all lung difficulties. It is this dryness of atmosphere, and ready relief that it affords to all ague and consumptive complaints that has given the State the name of Nature's Hospital, by which it is so extensively

WHICH IS THE BEST ROUTE TO MINNESOTA? For New Englanders, the best route is by the way of Albany, Rochester, Niagara Falls and Detroit, and thence by the Michigan Cen-tral road to Chicago; and from there by the Northwestern road to La Crosse—where large and splendid boats are starting on the arrival of every train-for St. Paul, and usually run the route in about eight hours. The advantages of this route are speed, scenery, and freedom from the annoyances of frequent and expensive changes. By this route you are landed in Chicago—at the Caion Depot, and baggage is transferred free of charge—to the Northwestern road. Another desirable feature,—a stop over" check can be obtained at Niagara Falls-that will enable the traveler to view to is heart's content this grandest of Nature's flowers,-and to examine the world renowned Suspension Bridge—which is now universally acknowledged to be the finest specimen of human ingenuity and shill on the face of the

WHAT WORK CAN BE OBTAINED, AND WHERE-GIVING INFORMATION OF MINNESOTA'S AG-RICULTURAL, GEOGRAPHICAL, MANUFAC-TURAL, COMMERCIAL AND PHYS-

ICAL PECULIARITIES ? Gov. Alexander Ramsey,-one of the ablest of Statesmen, the noblest of Patriots, the pur-est of Men, and the wisest of Managers—has ough his exertions effected the formation of a Statistical Bureau-of which J. A. Whee-

lock is Commissioner.

Mr. Wheelock is a brilliant writer,—a laborious student,—of high moral character and social position, and will forward to any one seeking information,—a copy of a highly inter-esting block—just published by the State—en-titled: Minnesota; its Progress and Capabili-ties! Mr. Whoelock's address is St. Paul, Minn

WHAT IS THE POPULATION OF ST. PAUL, AND WHAT ARE ITS PECULIARITIES?

Its population is between 12000, and 15000. Its popularities are many! It stands at the head of uninterrupted navigation on the Mis-sissippi—2100 miles from New Orleans. It is also just below the junction of the Mississippi and Minnesota rivers; is the outlet of all the vast Northwest British Possessions; is the Capital of the State; is the most beautiful city of its size in the world; is abundantly supplied with the purest of spring water; has the best of building stone enough within its limits to outvie even New York with palatial residences; its citizens are composed mostly of the best, wealthiest, and most refined emigrants from New England; and from the medicinal properties of its pure air, it last year received more visitors after health and pleasure than did the cities of Newport and Saratoga combined!

WHAT IS THE PREVAILING SOIL OF MINNE-

A dark calcareous landy loam-being composed of fine sand decomposed vegetable mat-ter,—a scientific treatise of which will be found the able work above alluded to-by Mr Wheelock. WOULD MECHANICS DO WELL IN MINNESOTA?

They are especially welcomed and encouraged by all classes. An intelligent, industrious, moral and enterprising mechanic,—becomes at once one of the leading citizens.

WHAT IS THE POPULATION OF THE STATE? About two hundred thousand; composed

About two hundred thousand; composed mostly of people from the free States—and the more industrious and intelligent emigrants from England, Germany, Hungary, Norway and Sweden and Switzerland.

For further particulars, I refer your readers to Mr. Wheelock's book—a copy of which can be obtained gratis—by any one who is anxious to become thoroughly posted on the State, which according to the expressed belief of Wm. H. Seward, and Cassius M. Clay—is destined within twenty-five years—to contain the

tined within twenty-five years—to contain the largest population of any State in the Union. Two Ways or Fishing .- When men go a

Two Ways of Fishino.—when ther go a fishing for trout they take a light, tapering pole, with a fine silken line attached, and a sharp hook with a sweet morsel of worm on the end. They noiselessly drop the line on the water and let it float to the fish, which nibbles, and by a

let it float to the fish, which nibbles, and by a slight twitch is landed safely on the bank.

But when men go fishing for souls, they tie a cable on to a stick of timber, and an anchor is the hook. On this a great chunk of bait is stuck, and with this ponderous machine grasped in both hands, they walk up and d, wn thrashing the water, and bellowing at the top of their voices, "Bite or be dammed."—Dr. Bellows.

It is supposed that there was not much cotton in New Orleans at the time of its capture except what was used by men and women